form between puberula and subintegra Emery.

Type locality of puberula, Hill City, S. D., of subintegra, D. C.

32. Polyergus rufescens Latr. subsp. breviceps n. subsp. (Polyergus rufescens breviceps Emery)

\$\timege \text{S. Dakota.}\$ One of the original localities. 7: 666 (1893).

Type locality of breviceps, Breckenridge, Colo.

THE LONG ISLAND ENTOMOLOGICAL SOCIETY

According to Samuel E. Cassino's "Naturalists' Directory" for 1878, the first to be issued, the "Long Island Entomological Society, Brooklyn" was organized March 14, 1877. Its president in 1878 was the Rev. George D. Hulst, then 32 years old, and its corresponding secretary was W. V. Andrews, 67 years old. It had a membership of 25 and also a library. The late Charles W. Leng, in his "Memories of Fifty Years Ago" (Bull. Brooklyn Ent. Soc., Feb. 1923) said that he and several other boys, of the Polytechnic School in Brooklyn, who were interested in insects, organized the Polytechnic Entomological Society which met in the homes of the members. Some of the older men who attended the boy's society were J. Akhurst of Brooklyn, coleopterist and lepidopterist, W. V. Andrews, a retired British army officer who sold Edwards' "Butterflies of America" on a commission basis, and P. Elbert Nostrand, a Polytechnic student who had graduated Nostrand nominated George D. Hulst as a member and it was on his suggestion that the name was changed to the Long Island Entomological Society. Later Franz G. Schaupp, coleopterist of Brooklyn presented plants for the amalgamation of the Long Island Society and the Brooklyn Entomological Society (organized in 1872), but they were not acceptable to the majority of members. Later several members joined the Brooklyn Society individually. Apparently the Long Island Society did not last very long.—H. B. W.